5 ways Intel® Xeon® Scalable processors with built-in accelerators can solve your most rigorous workload challenges

Workloads are evolving — and so is computer architecture. Traditionally, adding more cores to your CPU or choosing a higher-frequency CPU would improve workload efficiency. But these techniques no longer guarantee the performance efficiency benefits that they achieved in the past. Today, integrated accelerators purpose-built for particular functions in AI, security, HPC, networking, storage and data analytics can deliver considerably more value.

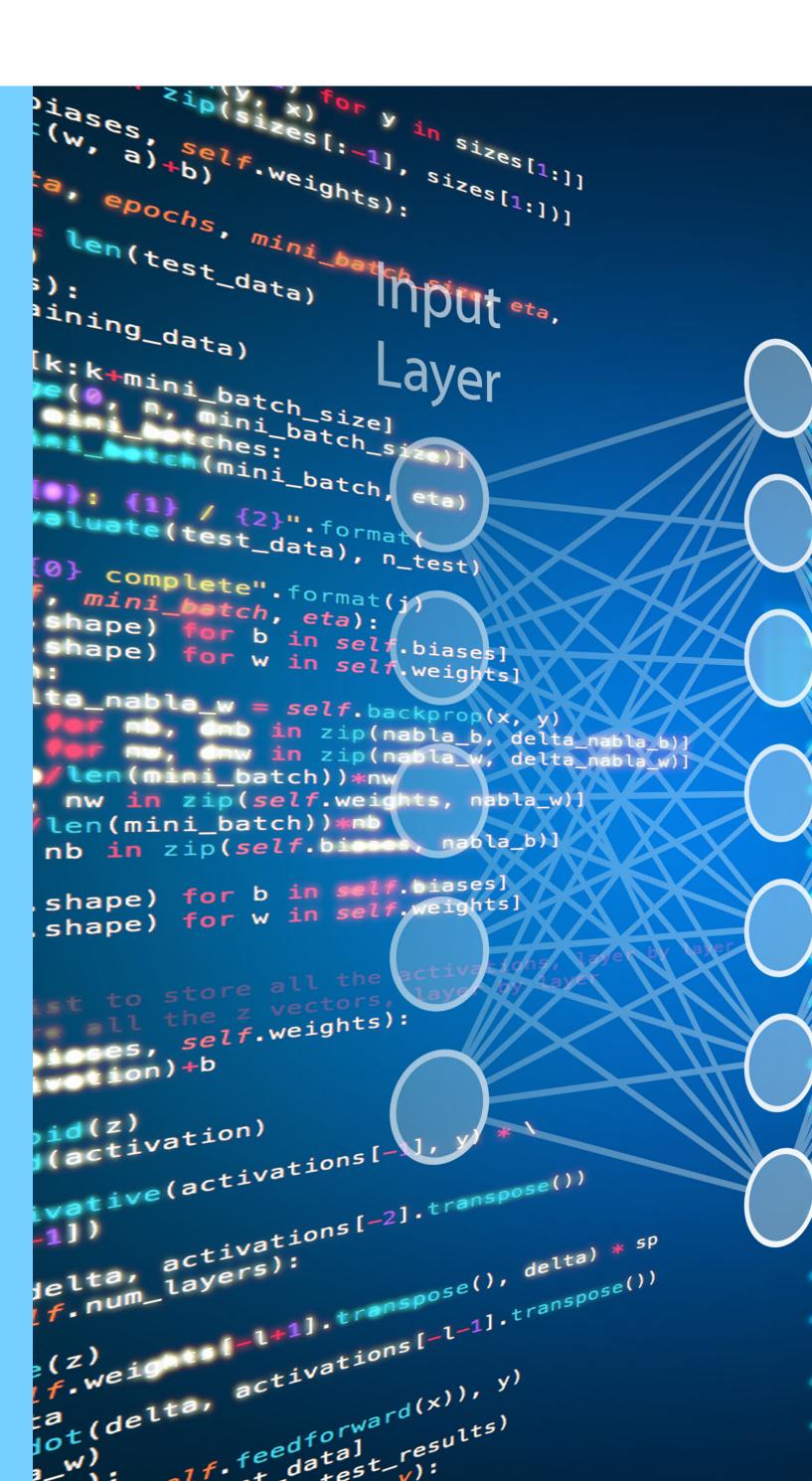
Current and future Intel® Xeon® Scalable processors support the broadest and most unique set of built-in hardware accelerators for modern workloads in both cloud and enterprise deployments. Whether you're looking to improve performance, reduce costs or increase energy efficiency, here are five ways Intel Xeon Scalable processors with built-in accelerators can help your business solve the most rigorous workload challenges.

Reduced need for additional hardware

More hardware means higher system costs. It can also mean leaving businesses more vulnerable to inefficiencies due to potential bottlenecking when adding devices. Intel Xeon Scalable processors have accelerators built into the CPU to give users the performance they need right out of the box. This spares businesses from having to purchase and integrate additional hardware, which can be costly.

While certain workload requirements warrant additional specialized hardware, in many cases our built-in accelerators will enable you to run your workloads effectively as is.

For instance, AI accelerators built into Intel Xeon Scalable processors are designed to run complex workloads — such as AI training and inferencing, plus many classical machine learning applications — on the same hardware as other critical tasks. Intel Xeon Scalable processors are already optimized for the most popular AI frameworks used by data scientists, such as TensorFlow and PyTorch.



Intel has worked directly with the most popular AI tools, frameworks and solutions to optimize

Faster workload completion compared to AMD CPUs

their performance on Intel products. This helps enterprises achieve the best training and inference from a CPU. Intel Xeon Scalable processors feature Intel® Deep Learning Boost (Intel® DL Boost), a built-in accelerator designed to improve performance for common AI workloads. Customers using Intel® optimization for TensorFlow and DL Boost will gain over 11 times more

Al inference performance on 3rd Gen Intel Xeon Scalable processors compared to 2nd Gen Intel Xeon Scalable processors.¹ The upcoming launch of 4th Gen Intel Xeon Scalable processors with Intel® Advanced Matrix Extensions (Intel® AMX) will deliver 4.5 times INT8 image inference per second compared to the prior generation.² Compared to AMD Milan FP32, 3rd Gen Intel Xeon Scalable processors supporting Intel DL Boost

deliver 1.5 times higher AI performance.3



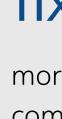
compared to 2nd Gen Intel Xeon Scalable processors



to the prior generation

per second compared





more Al inference performance

We saw relatively similar power consumption, but we also saw a huge delta in terms of performance. The net impact was a huge efficiency delta."

Patrick Kennedy ServeTheHome

sensitive data

Increased energy efficiency Because Intel built-in accelerators help

maximize energy efficiency, you can increase

your performance across various workloads without adding discrete accelerators to your server rack. This benefit was recently highlighted by Patrick Kennedy from ServeTheHome, an

online guide for IT professionals. While

running AI workloads on Intel DL Boost,

he noted, "We saw relatively similar power consumption, but we also saw a huge delta in terms of performance. The net impact was a huge efficiency delta."4

Intel Xeon Scalable processors enable confidential computing solutions that better protect your data on prem, at the edge and in the cloud. Intel® Software Guard Extensions (Intel® SGX), a built-in accelerator for security,

while protecting your most

tested confidential computing technology in data centers on the market today. Intel SGX helps protect sensitive data and application code while it's actively in use. This helps defend against breaches, leaks or attacks that could halt business operations, compromise critical data or break compliance. Confidential computing technologies with

larger attack surfaces put sensitive data at

is the most deployed, researched and battle-

greater risk. Intel SGX provides the smallest attack surface within a system.5 Additionally, Intel® Crypto Acceleration — an instruction set in the Xeon core architecture — uses single instruction, multiple data (SIMD) techniques to process more encryption operations in every clock cycle, making things go faster. This can increase the total throughput of applications that require strong data encryption, with minimal impact on

performance and user experience.





workload performance to conquer highly advanced computational tasks — and do so faster than before. For data-intensive workloads such as modeling and simulation, Intel Xeon Scalable processors not only

allow code to take advantage of Intel® Advanced Vector Extensions 512 (Intel® AVX-512), but also offer high system memory capacity and bandwidth. This helps accelerate complex workloads on existing hardware. For example, 3rd Gen Intel® Xeon® Platinum 8358 CPUs using Intel® AVX-512 perform 23% better when compared to AMD's EPYC 7543 processors.⁶

The need for greater computing performance in business, science and academia has never been

of workloads. Whether these organizations are trying to crack the biggest challenges in medicine,

higher. Intel has helped organizations design system architectures that execute the most demanding

economics or engineering, the HPC accelerators built into Intel Xeon Scalable processors will increase

Designed and optimized for specific market segments, built-in accelerators for Intel Xeon Scalable processors enable high-performance hardwarebased workload acceleration with excellent cost and power efficiency.

Accelerator (Intel® DSA). These will continue to boost performance and results, giving customers the capabilities they need to be faster, more sustainable and more successful than before.

https://www.intel.com/xeonscalable.

Learn more about Intel Xeon Scalable processors by visiting

The 4th Gen Intel Xeon Scalable processors will feature built-in

accelerators that include Intel® Advanced Matrix Extensions (Intel® AMX),

Intel® QuickAssist Technology (Intel® QAT) and Intel® Data Streaming

¹See [¹¹⁸] at https://www.intel.com/³gen-xeon-config ²See Session Benchmark #⁴¹ and #⁴² at https://edc.intel.com/content/www/us/en/products/performance/benchmarks/vision-²⁰²²/. Results may vary. ³See [⁴³] at https://www.intel.com/³gen-xeon-config ⁴Kennedy, Patrick. "Deep Dive into Lowering Server Power Consumption." Serve The Home. February ²¹, ²⁰²². https://www.servethehome.com/deepdive-into-lowering-server-power-consumption-intel-inspur-hpe-dell-emc/²/ ⁵See https://www.intel.com/content/www/us/en/architecture-and-technology/software-guard-extensions-enhanced-data-protection.html

Notices & Disclaimers

Your costs and results may vary.

⁶See [¹⁰⁴] at https://www.intel.com/³gen-xeon-config

Performance varies by use, configuration and other factors. Learn more on the <u>Performance Index site</u>. Performance results are based on testing as of dates shown in configurations and may not reflect all publicly available updates. See backup for configuration details. No product or component can be absolutely secure.

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